# FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK

Fiscal Agent of the United States

[ Circular No. 5002 ] February 16, 1961 ]

## Deposits of March Tax Collections in Treasury Tax and Loan Accounts

To All Treasury Tax and Loan Depositaries in the Second Federal Reserve District:

The Treasury Department has advised us that Directors of Internal Revenue will be instructed to make special deposits with Federal Reserve Banks, during the period March 1 through April 7, 1961, of checks of \$10,000 or more, representing payments of corporation income taxes due March 15, 1961. Drawee banks qualified as Special Depositaries of Public Moneys may receive up to 50 per cent of the amount of these remittances for deposit in Treasury Tax and Loan Accounts, subject, however, to the condition that the Treasury may find it necessary to increase or decrease the percentage amount of the checks for credit to the Tax and Loan Accounts from time to time during the period, if such action is required to prevent undue fluctuations in the account of the Treasurer of the United States with Federal Reserve Banks.

We will prepare daily a special form of cash letter, with an attached certificate form, for the tax checks included in the special deposits of the Directors of Internal Revenue during the period. The amount shown in the certificate will be for up to 50 per cent of the amount of those checks eligible for credit to Treasury Tax and Loan Accounts or for such other percentage as the Treasury may subsequently specify. Special depositaries wishing to accept for deposit in Tax and Loan Accounts the amount shown in the certificate attached to the cash letter should execute and return the certificate, in accordance with the instructions contained in the cash letter.

The Treasury will deny credit to depositaries for customers' tax checks arising out of sales to the depositaries of customers' tax anticipation Treasury bills maturing March 22, 1961. As the Treasury has in the past stated, it does not look with favor upon such transactions, inasmuch as they increase the amount of tax anticipation bills presented for cash redemption in advance of the availability of Treasury receipts from the income tax installment due on the 15th of the month and make it more difficult for the Treasury and the Federal Reserve System to handle the large income tax collections during the month in a manner that will maintain stability in the money market.

Additional copies of this circular will be furnished upon request.

Alfred Hayes, President.

## FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK

February 16, 1961

To All Member and Nonmember Clearing Banks, and Others Concerned, in the Second Federal Reserve District:

On the reverse side of this letter there are set forth lists showing (1) the currently effective Operating Circulars of this Bank, and the supplements thereto, and (2) the currently effective Regulations of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and the amendments and supplements thereto. The lists will enable you to determine whether your sets of those documents are complete. We shall be pleased to furnish copies of any you do not have, upon request addressed to our Circulars Division.

ALFRED HAYES,

President.

(OVER)

#### CURRENTLY EFFECTIVE

# OPERATING CIRCULARS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK

and

## REGULATIONS OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

## February 16, 1961

Operating Circulars	Regulations
Operating Circular No. 1 January 11, 1961 First Supplement February 6, 1961	Regulation A February 15, 1955           Regulation B
Operating Circular No. 2 May 19, 1960	Regulation C August 31, 1946
Operating Circular No. 3 April 4, 1956  First Supplement July 2, 1957	Regulation D December 31, 1959 Supplement . November 24 and December 1, 1960
Operating Circular No. 4 August 10, 1960	Regulation E August 21, 1959
Operating Circular No. 5 October 31, 1960	Regulation F February 5, 1951  Amendment June 13, 1955
	Regulation G August 21, 1959
Operating Circular No. 6 July 1, 1959	Regulation H August 21, 1959
Operating Circular No. 7 October 28, 1957	Regulation I January 1, 1936
Operating Circular No. 8 August 18, 1960	Amendment (supersedes Amendment
Operating Circular No. 10 January 15, 1957	dated January 3, 1959) August 21, 1959
Operating Circular No. 11 October 31, 1960	Regulation J August 10, 1960 Regulation K November 12, 1958
	Regulation L August 21, 1959
Operating Circular No. 12 February 15, 1955	Regulation M August 14, 1937
Operating Circular No. 13 August 12, 1960	Regulation N January 1, 1944
Operating Circular No. 14 March 9, 1959	Regulation O July 1, 1939
Operating Circular No. 15 January 1, 1957	Regulation P January 9, 1959
Operating Circular No. 16 June 25, 1951	Regulation Q October 1, 1959 Supplement January 1, 1957
Operating Circular No. 17 May 17, 1957	Regulation R October 23, 1959
First Supplement March 25, 1960 Second Supplement July 11, 1960	Regulation T June 15, 1959
Appendix October 4, 1960	Supplement July 28, 1960
Operating Circular No. 18 July 28, 1953	Regulation U June 15, 1959
First Supplement October 7, 1954	Amendment August 21, 1959
Operating Circular No. 19 April 13, 1960	Amendment March 8, 1960 Supplement July 28, 1960
First Supplement November 17, 1960	Regulation V September 27, 1950
Operating Circular No. 20 November 12, 1959	Regulation Y July 1, 1960

# FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK NEW YORK 45, N.Y.

**RECTOR 2-5700** 

February 20, 1961

To the Member and Nonmember Clearing Banks of the Second Federal Reserve District:

The strike by flight engineers against most of the major airlines, which began Friday night, February 17, has disrupted air transportation throughout the nation. As a result, delays will probably occur in the presentment of cash items, in the receipt of advices of nonpayment, and in the return of unpaid items from banks in many parts of the country.

We will continue to accept and endeavor to dispatch cash items deposited with us payable in the affected areas and to give credit therefor in accordance with our time schedules, but we reserve the right to charge back any unpaid items at any time.

ALFRED HAYES, President.